



The UNESCO Intangible Cultural Heritage

Cultural Practices and Expressions of our Legacy

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- Presents photographs and splendid illustrations that will guide you on your discovery of the Intangible Cultural Heritage list
- This journey will open your eyes to the cultural riches of our planet and to the importance of preserving them for future generations

What do the Great Wall of China, Georgia's polyphonic singing, the Mediterranean diet and the Vanuatu sand drawings have in common? Despite their evident dissimilarity, they are all protected by UNESCO, the supranational organisation that is responsible for preserving the common cultural heritage of humanity, protecting it from disappearance and ensuring its conservation for future generations. The Great Wall of China is one of the natural and cultural sites that comprise the famous list of World Heritage Sites, compiled by UNESCO while the other three are part of the Intangible Cultural Heritage list that includes immaterial goods. In fact, in 2003, the UNESCO General Conference adopted the Convention for the Safeguarding of the Intangible Cultural Heritage with the intent to safeguard the traditional cultures and folklore of our planet. Today, over 400 practices and expressions from more than 100 countries represent the riches and demonstrate the cultural diversity of the populations in the world. Appearing on this variegated list of traditions are the art of the 'pizzaiuoli' – the pizza makers of Naples, the Carnival of Basel, the Rebetiko music of Greece, Japanese kabuki theatre, Mexico's Day of the Dead celebration, the Brazilian capoeira, Chinese shadow puppetry and the mass Hindu pilgrimage of faith, Kumbh Mela. This book of photographs and splendid illustrations will guide you on your discovery of the Intangible Cultural Heritage list; a journey that will open your eyes to the cultural riches of our planet and to the importance of preserving them for future generations.

Massimo Centini graduated from the University of Turin's faculty of Literature and Philosophy with a degree in Cultural Anthropology. He is a professor of Cultural Anthropology at the People's University Foundation in Turin and has collaborated with universities and museums in Italy and abroad, including the Centre for African Archeological Studies in Milan, the Cesmeo in Turin, the Swiss museum, Vallemaggia and the Ethnographic Art section of the Natural Science Museum of Bergamo.



Flamenco
 UNESCO
 Intangible Cultural Heritage
 2010
 On the 2010 list since 2010

The flamenco art of dance, music and song is a unique expression of the culture of the southern region of Andalusia in southern Spain. It is a result of the fusion of different cultures and traditions, including the Arab, Jewish and Gypsy influences. Flamenco is a dynamic and expressive art form that has become an important part of the cultural heritage of Spain.



Human Towers
 UNESCO
 Intangible Cultural Heritage
 2017

Human towers are a traditional festival in Catalonia, Spain, where people build human towers of up to six stories high. The towers are built by young boys who stand on the shoulders of others, forming a human pyramid. The towers are built during the 'Castells' festival, which takes place in the town of Sagunt. The towers are built in a variety of shapes and sizes, and are often decorated with flags and banners.

